



**day June 20XX – Morning/Afternoon**

**AS Level Chemistry B (Salters)**

**H033/02 Chemistry in depth**

**SAMPLE MARK SCHEME**

**Duration:** 1 hour 30 minutes

**MAXIMUM MARK      70**

**This document consists of 16 pages**

**MARKING INSTRUCTIONS****PREPARATION FOR MARKING****SCORIS**

1. Make sure that you have accessed and completed the relevant training packages for on-screen marking: *scoris assessor Online Training*; *OCR Essential Guide to Marking*.
2. Make sure that you have read and understood the mark scheme and the question paper for this unit. These are posted on the RM Cambridge Assessment Support Portal <http://www.rm.com/support/ca>
3. Log-in to scoris and mark the **required number** of practice responses (“scripts”) and the **required number** of standardisation responses.

YOU MUST MARK 10 PRACTICE AND 10 STANDARDISATION RESPONSES BEFORE YOU CAN BE APPROVED TO MARK LIVE SCRIPTS.

**MARKING**

1. Mark strictly to the mark scheme.
2. Marks awarded must relate directly to the marking criteria.
3. The schedule of dates is very important. It is essential that you meet the scoris 50% and 100% (traditional 50% Batch 1 and 100% Batch 2) deadlines. If you experience problems, you must contact your Team Leader (Supervisor) without delay.
4. If you are in any doubt about applying the mark scheme, consult your Team Leader by telephone, email or via the scoris messaging system.

5. Work crossed out:
- where a candidate crosses out an answer and provides an alternative response, the crossed out response is not marked and gains no marks
  - if a candidate crosses out an answer to a whole question and makes no second attempt, and if the inclusion of the answer does not cause a rubric infringement, the assessor should attempt to mark the crossed out answer and award marks appropriately.
6. Always check the pages (and additional objects if present) at the end of the response in case any answers have been continued there. If the candidate has continued an answer there then add a tick to confirm that the work has been seen.
7. There is a NR (No Response) option. Award NR (No Response)
- if there is nothing written at all in the answer space
  - OR if there is a comment which does not in any way relate to the question (e.g. 'can't do', 'don't know')
  - OR if there is a mark (e.g. a dash, a question mark) which isn't an attempt at the question.
- Note: Award 0 marks – for an attempt that earns no credit (including copying out the question).
8. The scoris **comments box** is used by your Team Leader to explain the marking of the practice responses. Please refer to these comments when checking your practice responses. **Do not use the comments box for any other reason.**
- If you have any questions or comments for your Team Leader, use the phone, the scoris messaging system, or email.
9. Assistant Examiners will send a brief report on the performance of candidates to their Team Leader (Supervisor) via email by the end of the marking period. The report should contain notes on particular strengths displayed as well as common errors or weaknesses. Constructive criticism of the question paper/mark scheme is also appreciated.

10. For answers marked by levels of response:

Read through the whole answer from start to finish, concentrating on features that make it a stronger or weaker answer using the indicative scientific content as guidance. The indicative scientific content indicates the expected parameters for candidates' answers, but be prepared to recognise and credit unexpected approaches where they show relevance.

Using a 'best-fit' approach based on the science content of the answer, first decide which set of level descriptors, Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3, **best** describes the overall quality of the answer using the guidelines described in the level descriptors in the mark scheme.

Once the level is located, award the higher or lower mark.

**The higher mark** should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced and all aspects of the communication statement (in *italics*) have been met.

**The lower mark** should be awarded where the level descriptor has been evidenced but aspects of the communication statement (in *italics*) are missing.

**In summary:**

- **The science content determines the level.**
- **The communication statement determines the mark within a level.**

Level of response questions on this paper are **2(b)(iv)** and **4(d)**.

## 11. Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
<b>DO NOT ALLOW</b>	Answers which are not worthy of credit
<b>IGNORE</b>	Statements which are irrelevant
<b>ALLOW</b>	Answers that can be accepted
( )	Words which are not essential to gain credit
—	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
<b>ECF</b>	Error carried forward
<b>AW</b>	Alternative wording
<b>ORA</b>	Or reverse argument

## 12. Subject-specific Marking Instructions

### INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

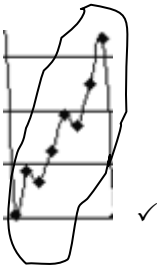
You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

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Mark Scheme

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Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	(a)		Atomic or proton number ✓	1	
	(b)		$(68.1 \times 58) + (26.2 \times 60) + (1.14 \times 61) + (3.63 \times 62) + (0.930 \times 64)$ $/100 = 58.75(664) \checkmark = 58.8 \checkmark$	2	ECF on 1 <sup>st</sup> mark but <b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> sig fig mark unless a followable calculation present
	(c)	(i)		1	<b>ALLOW</b> individual circles around points
		(ii)	Nuclear charge increases ✓ outer electron(s) in same shell/roughly same distance from nucleus ✓ so attraction (between nucleus and electrons) greater / (electrons) more difficult to remove ✓	3	

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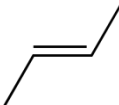
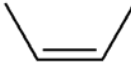
Question		Answer	Marks	Guidance
	(d)	<b>FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON THE ANSWER LINE</b> Energy change = $2.99 \times 10^2 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ award 4 marks $400\text{nm} \times 1 \times 10^{-9} = 4.00 \times 10^{-7}\text{m}$ <i>Recall equations for <math>\nu = c/\lambda</math> and <math>\Delta E = h\nu</math></i> $= 3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s} / 4.00 \times 10^{-7}\text{m} = 7.50 \times 10^{14} \text{ s}^{-1} \checkmark$ $= 6.63 \times 10^{-34} \times 7.50 \times 10^{14} \times 6.02 \times 10^{23} \checkmark$ $= 299344.5$ $2.99 \times 10^2 \checkmark \text{ kJ mol}^{-1} \checkmark$	4	First mark and second mark can be scored by correctly substituted figures into the expressions
	(e)	$M(\text{Mg}(\text{OH})_2) = 58.3 \text{ (g mol}^{-1}\text{)}$ $n(\text{Mg}(\text{OH})_2) = 0.292/58.3 = 0.00500 \text{ mol} \checkmark$ amount of acid reacting = $2 \times 0.005 = 0.0100 \text{ mol}$ <b>AND</b> volume of acid = $0.01/0.1 = 0.100 \text{ dm}^3 = 100 \text{ cm}^3 \checkmark$	2	ALLOW ECF
	(f) (i)	$[\text{NaOH}] = 50 \times 10/40 = 12.5 \text{ (mol dm}^{-3}\text{)} \checkmark$ (To create solution of similar concentration to HCl solution) dilution needed $12.5/0.3 = 41.67 \checkmark$ $(1000/41.67) \text{ Volume} = 24.0 \text{ cm}^3 \checkmark$	3	
	(ii)	burette (if $24.0 \text{ cm}^3$ in (i)) or pipette (if $25 \text{ cm}^3$ in (i)) <b>AND</b> $(1000 \text{ cm}^3) \text{ volumetric flask}$	1	ALLOW ECF from previous question can use $25.0 \text{ cm}^3$ (pipette) if justified by saying that titre does not have to be exactly 1 : 1
		<b>Total</b>	<b>17</b>	



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Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	(a)		 (E)-but-2-ene   (Z)-but-2-ene  Correct structures ✓ Correct names ✓	2	<b>ALLOW</b> without brackets around <i>E</i> and <i>Z</i>
	(b)	(i)	$\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10} + 6.5\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 4\text{CO}_2 + 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$ ✓	1	Must be all correct <b>NOT</b> multiples (question asks for 1 mol burnt)
		(ii)	$n(\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}) = \frac{1.0}{58} = 0.0172 \text{ (mol)}$ ✓  $\text{vol. O}_2 = 0.0172 \times 24.0 \times 6.5 = 2.7 \text{ dm}^3$ ✓	2	<b>ALLOW</b> 2 sig fig up to calculator value Unit required for mark <b>ALLOW</b> correct answer given in $\text{cm}^3$
		(iii)	$pV = nRT$ conversion of 101kPa to 101000 and 18°C to 291K <b>AND</b> $5.20 \times 8.314 \times 291 \times 1000 / 101000 \times 2.15$ ✓ $= 57.9357$ Mr 58 ✓ Butane gas ✓	3	

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Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance
	(iv)*		<p>Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question.</p> <p><b>Level 3 (5–6 marks)</b>            Gives a detailed definition of <i>heterogeneous</i> <b>AND</b> <i>catalyst</i> <b>AND</b> clearly describes the detailed steps involved in the catalysis model.</p> <p><i>The definitions are fully correct. There is a well-developed description which is clear and logically structured. The steps are relevant and detailed and in a logical order. Candidate demonstrates a clear and confident knowledge of relevant technical language (bonds, phase/state, adsorption).</i></p> <p><b>Level 2 (3–4 marks)</b>            Gives clear definition of <i>catalyst</i> <b>AND</b> <i>heterogeneous</i> <b>AND</b> describes the steps in catalysis model.</p> <p><i>The definitions are clear. There is a good description presented with some structure. The steps are in the most-part relevant and have a suitable order. Some indications of a sound grasp of technical language.</i></p> <p><b>Level 1 (1–2 marks)</b>            Defines <i>heterogeneous</i> <b>AND</b> <i>catalyst</i> <b>OR</b> describes the steps in the catalysis model.</p> <p><i>The definitions are simple. The descriptions are basic and communicated in an unordered way. Basic grasp of relevant technical language.</i></p> <p><b>0 marks</b>            No response or no response worthy of credit.</p>	6	<p><b>Indicative scientific points may include:</b></p> <p><b>Definitions</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>heterogeneous – different phase (state)</li> <li>catalyst – speeds up a reaction, unchanged at end</li> </ul> <p><b>OR</b> provides a route of lower <math>E_A</math></p> <p><b>Steps</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>reactants attach to surface</li> <li>bonds re-arrange</li> <li>products leave.</li> </ul> <p><b>Detailed steps</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>reactants <b>adsorbed</b> onto surface (subsumes 3<sup>rd</sup> main bullet)</li> <li>bonds within reactants <b>weaken and break</b></li> <li><b>new bonds form</b> (this and above subsume 4<sup>th</sup> main bullet)</li> <li>products <b>diffuse</b> away (subsumes 5<sup>th</sup> bullet).</li> </ul>
			<b>Total</b>	<b>14</b>	

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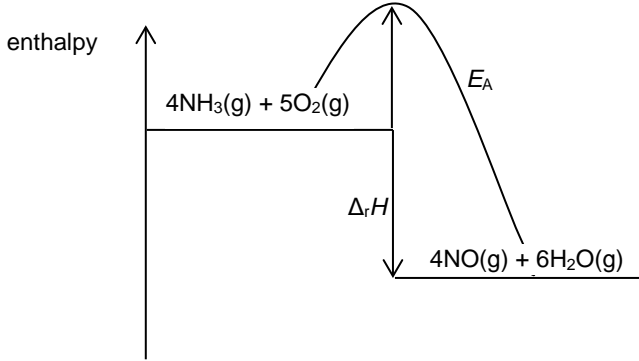
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Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance
3	(a)		(At lower temperature) fewer molecules/collisions with $E_a$ / activation energy/enthalpy ✓ therefore fewer collisions <u>per unit time</u> (AW) result in reaction ✓	2	<b>NOT</b> just 'fewer collisions with $E_a$ ' for second mark <b>ALLOW</b> 'frequency of collisions with necessary $E_a$ decreases'
	(b)	(i)	<i>Pressure:</i> (eqm) concentration (of nitrogen monoxide) decreases ✓ Equilibrium shifts to side with fewer molecules (in order to cancel out increased pressure) ✓  <i>Temperature:</i> (eqm) concentration (of nitrogen monoxide) decreases ✓ Equilibrium moves in endothermic direction ✓	4	
		(ii)	<i>Expression:</i> $K_c = \frac{[\text{NO}_2]^2}{[\text{NO}]^2 [\text{O}_2]}$ ✓  <i>Calculation:</i> $[\text{NO}]^2 = 8.54 \times 0.42^2 \times 1.70$ ✓ $[\text{NO}_2] = \sqrt{8.54 \times 0.42^2 \times 1.70} = 1.6 \text{ (mol dm}^{-3}\text{)}$ ✓	3	Award first mark also if this calculation is correct
		(iii)	Value of top line decreases therefore bottom line must decrease to maintain $K_c$ (AW) ✓ Eqm position must move to right ✓	2	

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Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance
		(iv)	 <p>Energy levels labelled correctly and product line below level of reactants ✓  <math>E_a</math> with single-headed arrow ✓            Difference between energy levels shown marked as <math>\Delta_r H</math> ✓</p>	3	<b>ALLOW</b> without y-axis and/or label <b>ALLOW</b> reactants and products without state symbols
		(c)	Calculation of 29.77% N and dividing by $A_r$ values to give H: 2.13; N: 2.13; O: 4.25 ✓ Ratio 1:1:2 <b>and</b> $\text{HNO}_2$ ✓	2	
			<b>Total</b>	<b>16</b>	

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Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance
4	(a)		<p>Step 1</p>  <p>NaOH <b>and</b> warm/reflux ✓</p> <p>Step 2</p>  <p>acidified dichromate solution ✓ reflux ✓</p>	5	<p><b>ALLOW</b> any unambiguous structures</p> <p>Reflux optional to warm/heat</p> <p>Reflux essential</p>
	(b)	(i)	TLC will show if <u>any</u> product produced ✓ But not give information on purity ✓	2	
		(ii)	Difficult to see spots as pivalic is white/colourless in solution ✓ Iodine vapour locating agent makes it easier to see spots ✓	2	
		(iii)	<p>Actual <math>n(\text{pivalic acid}) = \frac{9.45}{102} = 0.0926 \text{ (mol)} \checkmark</math></p> <p><math>n(\text{1-bromo-2,2-dimethylpropane}) \text{ required} = 0.0926/37.0 \times 100 = 0.250 \text{ mol} \checkmark</math></p> <p>Mass of 1-bromo-2,2-dimethylpropane required = <math>0.250 \times 150.9 = 37.7 \text{ (g)}</math> <b>AND</b> 3 sig figs ✓</p>	3	<b>ALLOW</b> 37.8 using unrounded intermediate values but must be to 3 sig figs

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Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance
		(iv)	Any two from: ✓✓ Loss of material on transferring between vessels Side reactions reducing yield of main product Loss during purification step Reaction had not gone to completion <b>OR</b> equilibrium reaction so incomplete	2	
	(c)	(i)	Range of temperature correct ✓ Always lower than the melting point of the pure substance ✓	2	
		(ii)	Recrystallization ✓	1	<b>ALLOW</b> recrystallize
	(d)*		<p><i>Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question.</i></p> <p><b>Level 3 (5–6 marks)</b> Analyses the evidence and uses detailed pieces of evidence from IR spectra <b>AND</b> mass spectra to fully support the conclusion that pivalic acid is made. Must state the evidence suggests it is contaminated with alcohol.</p> <p><i>The conclusion is well-developed, clear and logically structured. The evidence is relevant and substantiates the student's claim as being partially correct due to the contamination.</i></p> <p><b>Level 2 (3–4 marks)</b> Analyses the evidence and uses evidence from IR spectra <b>AND</b> Mass spectra, to support the conclusions that pivalic acid has been made. Links evidence to the students claim.</p>	6	<p><b>Indicative scientific points may include:</b></p> <p><b>Evidence from mass spectra</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><math>m/z</math> 102 is <math>M_r</math> of pivalic acid</li> <li>(Base) peak at 57 is fragment ion due to loss of COOH</li> </ul> <p><b>Evidence from IR spectra</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IR absorption just below 3000 indicates presence of carboxylic OH</li> <li>absorption at 1700–1725 (allow a number in this range) indicates presence of C=O (in carboxylic acid).</li> </ul> <p><b>Compounds involved in synthesis</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(But very broad) absorption above 3000 (allow numbers in range 3200–3640) suggests/indicates alcoholic OH. (from step 2 of synthesis)</li> </ul>

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Question			Answer	Marks	Guidance
			<p><i>There is a clear conclusion with a line of reasoning and structure. The evidence is in the most-part relevant and supports the student's claim.</i></p> <p><b>Level 1 (1–2 marks)</b> Analyses the evidence and uses evidence from IR spectra <b>OR</b> mass spectra to support the conclusion that an acid is made. Comments whether this agrees or disagrees with the claim.</p> <p><i>The conclusion is basic but agrees with the claim. Evidence is used to support the conclusion but it is limited and may not be clear.</i></p> <p><b>0 marks</b> No response or no response worthy of credit.</p>		
			<b>Total</b>	<b>23</b>	